



What happens in a milking parlour now?



each teat.



and they germs.



Can you guess

what these

ot ec s are?

muster o



Then the machine is switched

on and the milk is sucked into

a tube. It's like a baby calf

sucking it's mum's teats.

It takes the in chine about 5 mir. tes to milk the cows and the cow will give about 12 to 15 litres of milk.

The milking machine is clever. It senses when the cow has no more milk and then the milking cups drop off by themselves.

Milk from a cow is warm because it's really meant for her calf so, as soon as the milk leaves the cow, it's pumped through special coolers that cool the milk quickly.

Then the milk is stored in huge tanks until late after loon when the milk

tanker comes to collect it.

Milk is taken to the factory to be put into bottles and cartons.

Long ago there were no milk tankers like we have now.



Can you guess how milk vas moved from the farm a hundred years ago?



Next Le special cups of the milking machine are placed on

They are made of metal and quite big. They hold a lot of milk!



C. ar s full of milk were collected from the road outside the farm and taken by horse and cart around the town or village.



Can you see the milk churns on this cart?

People would congout of their houses to be gine milk.



This dairy maid is Lolding an empty churn. Mi churns full of milk were very ie ivy! In her other hand she has a me ineasuring cups.

Can you guess what they were used



People who came to buy the milk brought their own jugs with them.



The dairy maid would measure out the milk using her measuring cups and or the milk into the jugs. 1 31 size would know how much to charge for the milk.

Where does your mum buy milk

Do you still have a milkman who comes to your house or does your milk come from the supermarket or shop?



How have things changed?



